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THE SAME OLD STORY.

History repeats itself. The ministers of the City have felt it their duty to denounce the stockade plan advocated by some City officials, just as the ministers here, in 1891, after having helped the Liberal party into power, were compelled, by a sense of decency, to call a mass meeting and protest against Liberal misrule. At that time, too, erime and lawlessness became so rampant as to call for drastic measures.

Dr. Hiff, who never was under the suspicion of being in sympathy with the Latter-day Saints, said at that meeting that "never before had there existed in this City the necessity for a meeting of this kind." He added that "he had voted, and enthusiastically, too, for every member of the present City council, because he thought that in doing so he was working for the best interests of the whole people. But when he found that ordinances, which every good man believed were just and right, were ignored, he was before the audience to most earnestly and vigorously protest against such a state of affairs."

The trouble then was similar to that at the present time. Unscrupulous politicians had, under promises of "reforms" induced good men to vote for their selfish ends and purposes, But after the vote was obtained all promises were forgotten, or ignored, and the City filled up with all kinds of bad characters until the streets became unsafe at night. History repeats it-The decent citizens who were induced by all manner of false pretenses, to throw their votes away at the bidding of selfish politicians now, have

cause to regret it. They, too, thought they were working for the best interests of the whole people, but they find that the time has again come for a vigorous protest.

It is, however, not strange that matters should have turned out this way. The so-called "American" movement was conceived as a measure of revenge because the Church authorities refused to lend their aid to the furtherance of the plans of political schemers entirely unfit for the offices to which they aspired. It was founded on no higher principle than that. That it was joined by many mistaken but well-meaning people with higher aims and nobler motives, is not denied, but the true origin was, as stated. And in order to gain followers, the promoters were under the necessity of inventing all kinds of falsehoods, and make all kinds of misrepresentations. They were under the necessity of making grand stand plays at home and before the nation, and to play the part of hypocrites. But a movement resting on such a foundation and constructed so losely, must sooner or later reveal its true character. Nothing else can be expected.

We are pleased that the ministers have taken the matter up. All good citizens will approve of their condemnation of the infamous scheme. Some may consider it impossible to drive that form of vice out of a city, but is it? Let those whose duty it is to maintain the law, try. But they should not confine their efforts to the incarceration of women. They should go just as far as the law gives them power to go, and eall the owners of property used for lewd purposes to account, and those who resort to those places, as well as the agents who rent property out for unlawful acts. Let the authorities try what can be done by the aid of the courts, and let the eitizens help them by furnishing true information, and we believe it would not take long before the City would be comparatively clean.

A NOVEL HEALTH-TRAIN.

That is a novel but meritorious plan of the California State Board of Health just reported in the dispatches from San Francisco.

A car has been prepared for the purpose of illustrating methods of preventing disease. It will be supplied with a stereopticon lantern and a full set of views. A demonstrator is to accompany the car and give plain, practical talks on the methods of prevent-

It is the plan to have this car tour the entire state. Special attention will be paid to the smaller towns and country places, because it is the rural population that is constantly furnishing the cities with typhoid fever, and with milk

from tuberculous cows. It is believed by the public health officials of California that the exhibition car will be of the utmost benefit. It is the first project of the kind ever inaugurated in the United States. They consider it a new departure in preventive medicine, and strictly in line with the president's commission on country life, which, it is reported, will make sanitation the basis of its report. It is also in line with the policy of the United States public health and marine hospital service, which has carried on an active movement for several years looking to the eradication and prevention of preventable diseases among human beings.

It was on the suggestion of Assistant Surgeon Rucker of the United States public health and marine hospital service that this work has been undertakwork as demonstrator. We have long no more fighting." The Chinese, he ar-

believed that in this state, a health and sanitary lecturer, possessed of public authority to inspect premises, should go through the towns and settlements in this service. A popular lecturer should accompany this official-some one who is pleasant in address and inspirational in thought and mannerto teach the gospel of cleanliness in the scientific sense to many people who do not know the difference between sanitary cleanliness and beauty cleanli

Neatness, order, and outward freedon from earthy substances on floors, walls, and windows may accompany the utmost filth in the sanitary sense.

Dirt is only matter out of place, and t may be perfectly clean; that is, not infected with harmful bacteria. It is the sinks, cisterns, wells, and rubbish heaps that need attention, not only the floors, walls, and windows.

Fresh air and plenty of sunshine will ake the best care of the house itself. But chloride of lime, or dry alkaline lust, or dry soil, will be required to disinfect manure heaps and garbage boxes. Sanitary cleanliness consists mainly in the disinfection of noxious receptacles for filth, and not as many housekeepers imagine, in the scouring and polishing of floors and furniture; in the preservation of food from contamination by foul odors, tainted air currents, and disease-laden house flies rather than in shining porceiain and silver dishes.

We trust that the legislature about to convene will deal with this belated issue in some thoroughgoing way that will both arouse the people and enable the health officers to do their duty

PANAMA CANAL SCANDAL.

President Roosevelt in a letter to Congress denounces in strong terms the stories recently published concerning the Panama Canal purchase, for the purpose of creating the impression that there was some scandal connected with the transaction. But although the terms are vigorous, they are not too strong, when the infamy of an attempt to drag the United States government down into the mire of scandal is considered.

The United States government offered \$40,000,000 for the property and franchises of the French company. Of this amount \$25,000,000 was paid to the old Panama Canal company, \$12,000,000 to the new French company and \$3,000,000 held awaiting final disposition, the method of which was in litigation in French courts, J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., acting as fiscal agents of the French government and the French Panama company. Every document connected with the enterprise, from its nception to the present day, is, we understand, on file in Washington, open to the inspection of any American citi-

It is the right of the press to criticise public officials in the performance of their public duties, but the publication of false rumors, the effect of which must be to place the government in a faise light before the world, and to do that for political, partisan purposes, is not legitimate criticism. It cannot be defended on any ground whatever. The Panama purchase and the subsequent surmounting of difficulties of construction of which the public can have but an inadequate conception, are achievements of which all Americans ought to

THE GRAND ARMY.

The citizens here are all expectation now, anticipating the pleasures and privileges of the great event of the next year, the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

They were splendid soldiers of the Republic who were seen here for a brief period yesterday and no one could meet them without sensing the valor of their hearts and the patriotism of the spirit in which they fought for a nation in America under a single flag, and composed of equal and free states, stretching from sea to sea.

Utah did her part during the Civil war for the Republic. President Lincoln sent a personal appeal to Brigham Young, urging him to organize and send out troops to guard the overland mail route clear across the country to Independence rock. This service was demanded of Utah because President Lincoln had no Federal troops that he could spare for this duty, and the men who participated in it did service as loyal and as necessary as those who erved in protecting the Republic in field still farther south.

Fisher Harris, a gallant son of old Virginia, who honors eighteen members of his family in the remembrance that they fell tighting for the Southland through those bitter years, has paid the Republic the graceful tribute that when he came west, and saw what work had followed in the making of the nation that Lincoln had saved, he was compelled to reach the conclusion that Abraham Lincoln was the greatest and grandest American that God ever made. A few days ago, when Col Frank Sterrett of the Grand Army was speaking of the manner in which these Northern soldiers are vanishing at the rate of a regiment a week, his friend from Virginia, who is now the secretary of the club which bids the Grand Army welcome, was compelled to shed tears, so touched was he with the recital.

And thus, in the great West that is rising out of the North and South together, old battlefields are unknown, and old hostilities are subordinated to a new unity that will throw an added meaning into the conception each old soldier will carry back to his home after contact with the new life that is throbbing in the intermountain camping ground of the G. A. R. for 1909.

WHEN PEACE WILL COME.

Sir Robert Hart who is unquestionable authority on Chinese affairs, is of the opinion that when the Chinese nation becomes a military power, the peace of the world will be assured. His reasoning on this point is as follows: When the 400 millions of Chinese become as strong in arms individually and nationally as, for instance, a great Continental power like Germany is at the present moment, then China would turn around to the rest of the world en, and Dr. Rucker will do the first and say: "Gentlemen, there must be

gues, would throw in the force of theaters in a few days. They all had their arms with the country that was attacked and against the country that made war, and he believes that in that way the millennium would come, This is, as he admits, a curious statement to make, but he knew something of the Chinese and he knew their reasonable character, and he therefore knew that they would act in a reasonable

till China becomes a militant power, for peace. Whenever the peace sentiment in the so-called Christian world becomes strong enough to be a confrolling force, there will be no shedding of blood in useless wars. If a nation misbehaves there are other means of bringing it to terms. There is the national boycott, for instance. That this can be made an effective weapon has recently been proved in the Balkan trouble. As soon as the Turkish trading centers refused to buy Austrian merchandise, Austria began to feel more uncomfortable than if an army of invasion had threatened it. The people of China and India have also employed their liberty to trade whenever they want, with telling effect. This proves that the civilized nations do not need vast military forces to maintain peace. If the nations were in earnest they would unite and bring any fighting power to terms simply by interrupting trade relations. And this, we have no doubt, will be done when the people are determined to direct foreign

Words of cheer-turkey and cranerry sauce.

Finding fault is almost as easy as

The mentioned-for-the-cabinet class

The "wise saws" are all circular, they go round so much.

People are rarely so anxious to be good as to be thought good.

In the school for scandal every pupil seems to be a head scholar.

On his Texas fruit farm Mr. Bryan can live the life of a Cincinnatus

Prosperity having returned, does

Mr. Rockefeller feel that he can afford The President must use his idle

hours to write special messages to Congress.

Because girls are careful to preserve their complexions is one reason they are so sweet.

For Castro, Berlin is a poor vantage ground from which to open negotiations with France. Of course it is more blessed to

give than to receive but to receive is quite satisfactory. "America is a promising country," says a London paper. In fact the

promised land, so to say. "Uncle Joe" is a splendid example of the saying that "a wilful man maun ha' his wilful way."

The cackling hen knows no law of supply and demand else eggs would be more abundant and cheaper.

"Shall women work after marasks a magazine writer. riage?" Certainly, if only their husbands.

There should be an official phonographer as well as an official photographer to the African hunting ex-

If people were as prompt to pay their debts as they are to pay their grudges, what a really pleasant world his would be.

The Duke of the Abruzzi, it is said, will attempt to conquer Mount Everest. That is a task worthy an Alexander. May he succeed.

The Panama transaction is just as prolific of accusations and denials, statements and counter statements, as though it had been a scandal. And what more can the curious public

Moving pletures of the capture of the Venezuelan coast guardships Alexis and 28 De Mayo by the Dutch may be expected at the tan-cent it all."—Illustrated Bits. Moving pictures of the capture of

their artists "on the spot."

Standard Oil inquiry, that the cost of living has increased 44 per cent since 1897, says the Troy Press. It would be curious to know how much the cost of government has increased during the same time, and how much the wages of the laborers have increased. Very few incomes have increased 44 per cent duringt he last ten years. That is certain. Hence the constant unrest and agitation among the classes that are chiefly affected by high prices and extravagance in the government.

OUR FORESTS.

New York Evening Post, A farmer might say that the national conservation commission has not helped its cause by showing one-quarter of the whole country to be still timbered. One acre of trees to three of clearing does not seem to be a dangerous ratio. Senator Smoot's report, though, could have made clear that one of the most serious features in the present situation is the unequal distribution of our forests. Waste there is, terrible fires there are, and also much too little planting; but if the trees still surviving were ideally located, worry might be deferred for many years. What we find, however, is a few great clusters in mountains and remote districts, and everywhere else barren stretches, or at best occasional time woodland natches. best occasional tiny woodland patches. The evils traceable to this arrangement are perhaps the very strongest arguments in favor of immediate, thorough forest regulation by states and federal government. Lumbermen may repent and learn to care properly for their own acreage; but, as individuals, they cannot make trees grow where

CONVICTION OF RUEF.

the rivers and the soil most need them

San Francisco Bulletin. The conviction of Ruef, although ar The conviction of Ruef; although an important victory for justice, is not the ultimate victory. The purpose of the prosecution is not solely or mainly to put individuals into prison. Prosecuting is only incidental to the real work of the good citizens who are working for justice in this city. Ultimate victory in this cause will come not when the last malefactor shall be clothed in the last malefactor shall be clothed in stripes, but when the last citizen shall have released his mind from the straitjacket of class feeling and special interest and learned to prefer the public good to the good of any individual or group. Ultimate victory will come not until the individual citizens shall have perceived clearly the relation of such erimes as the bribing of public officers and jurors to the health of the republic and shall have grasped the vital truth that crimes which make public officers servants of a special interest and crimes which tend to destroy actual equality before the law are trea-son in its most horrid and destructive

ECONOMY MUST BE PRACTISED.

New York Tribune. That the national administration ap-preciates the temper in which the bud-get making should be approached is indicated by the instructions to various departments against salary raising. Congress should exhibit a similar spirit. The results of the last national election were much more favorable to the Republican party in general than to the party in Congress. The public is likely to be unusually critical of its work in producing this year's budget, for the need of economy is vividly before the minds of the people by reason of the cutting down of expenses that business has had to resort to, and of the atten-tion that has been attracted in the wastefulness of municipal government

JUST FOR FUN.

"I wish my dentist wasn't so realistic." said Mrs. Jenner Lee Ondego. "He calls his dental parlor his drawing room."—Chicago Tribune.

'What is Pegasus?" "The only horse in the world," answered the poet, "that can live without oats,"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Indignant Citizen—Your boy just threw a stone at me and barely missed

Mr. Brown—You say he missed you? Indignant Citizen—That's what I understood myself to remark.

Mr. Brown—Then it wasn't my boy,-St. Louis Times.

"Any mail this morning?" asked the Any man this morning: asked the shah of Persia.

"Only a notice that the people have sentenced you to death," replied his faithful secretary, "but nothing worth mentioner."

mentioning." "Good," exclaimed the shah, his swarthy face breaking into a smile. "I had been expecting a batch of bills from some of those dogs of tradesmen." —Philadelphia Ledger.

Intelligence Office Manager-I have a Madam-Oh, a dumb girl wouldn't

answer at all .- Boston Transcript. The Kid-Please, mister, gimme a

THERE IS NO "NEW WOMAN."

the subject of the new woman. If a the subject of the new woman. If a woman endeavors to obtain recognition along the lines of any business here-tofore occupied by men, she is at once dubbed a new woman. Sensational journalism gives voice to the exploits, the daring ventures of some woman in the fields of sensational advertisement tor the paper, and lo and behold we have another new woman. But there is no such a thing as a new woman-no farther than conditions and environ-ments crowd woman out of her natural sphere into employment that will meet the requirements of her needs or her the requirements of her needs or he necessities. Human nature is the same in this age of progress as in ages past. Woman may be compelled to assume positions of employment the reverse from her natural inclinations, the performance of which is embarrassing red amongship, which proves that the woman nature still exists—the refine-ment, the domestic love of home, the craving in her heart for the compan-ionship of husband and children craving in her healt for the compan-ionship of husband and children. So that white conditions and circumstances change, and custom and times bring reverses of methods and systems, those things do not necessarily change the nature of woman. The apparent change is due more to surroundings and to the means by which those who have to earn their own living are situated. Some business occupies a woman's entire time and she is either compelled to room and board, or work many hours overtime, if she clings to her feminine tastes and desires to live a more domestic life; so that the woman who can realize the fact that she can not keep house and do the number of hours' work in the office that a man does, and do her-self justice by getting the required amount of rest and sleep necessary to keep up her health and strength for her work, generally rooms and boards,

Much has been said and written on and certainly can not be less a woof a womanly woman. In this age of grasping greed the efforts and excite-ment men undergo to obtain the mighty dollar are wrecking many homes and driving out of their proper shelters many a woman as bread winners, who would far more prefer the protection of the home to being jostled against the army of workers in the field of strife and competition.

Home is the natural environment of woman yet that does not signify that

woman, yet that does not signify that the woman who has to go out from her home to toll for the support of the little ones in the home nest, is any the less a woman, and a good and a true, woman, than the woman who sits in her palace provided with every luxury, scarcely realizing nor really caring whence the provisions come. So instead of the new woman we have, let us say, the true woman—a woman that when adversity comes, bravely takes up her share of the burden in support of those she loves and is responsible for their being, and with a smile on her face can rejoice in the God-given strength by which she is so richly blessed—not a new woman, but the same old woman, such as Ruth, and can say to the husband, almost driven to despair by poverty; "Where thou goest, I will go; where thou layest, I will lie: if you have to suffer, I will also suffer. When prosperity comes again we will enjoy the blessings together. Nay, stay me not."

The path we tread Leads to eternal rest.

Tis not of earthly cares we dread,
When with true love we're blest;
The dross of all will pass away.
The golden treasure trove
Is when the brightness of each day
Proves the sacredness of love.
—LOUISE COULTON.

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